

Long Questions

1. What are the different types of data used in data mining, and how do they impact analysis?
2. How does the nature of data influence the choice of data mining techniques?
3. Can you explain the concept of interestingness patterns in data mining functionalities?
4. How do interestingness patterns in data mining help in identifying meaningful data insights?
5. What are the various classification criteria used in data mining systems?
6. How do data mining task primitives shape the functionality of data mining systems?
7. How does the integration of a data mining system with a data warehouse enhance data analysis?
8. What challenges arise when integrating a data mining system with a data warehouse?
9. What are the major issues currently faced in the field of data mining?
10. How do these major issues in data mining affect the accuracy and reliability of data analysis?
11. In data preprocessing, what are the key steps to prepare data for mining?
12. How does data preprocessing improve the quality and efficiency of data mining?
13. How does the choice of data mining functionalities affect the outcome of a mining process?
14. Can you discuss the role of pattern evaluation in data mining functionalities?
15. What are the common approaches to classify data mining systems, and why are they important?
16. How do the characteristics of data influence the classification of data mining systems?
17. What are the benefits and drawbacks of integrating a data mining system with a data warehouse?

18. How does data warehousing complement the capabilities of a data mining system?
19. What ethical issues are prevalent in data mining, and how can they be addressed?
20. How does the handling of sensitive data pose a major issue in data mining?
21. What role does data cleaning play in data preprocessing for mining?
22. How do data transformation techniques in preprocessing affect the results of data mining?
23. In what ways do data mining functionalities help in discovering hidden patterns?
24. How do data mining functionalities assist in predictive analysis?
25. What impact do preprocessing methods, such as normalization and scaling, have on the outcomes of data mining algorithms?
26. How would you write a program to classify different types of data, such as categorical, numerical, or text, in a data mining application?
27. Can you create a Python script to automatically determine if columns in a dataset are categorical, numerical, or textual?
28. How can you develop a Python program to preprocess a dataset by handling missing values, normalizing numerical data, and encoding categorical variables?
29. Construct a Python solution to assess machine learning model performance using accuracy, precision, recall, and F1 score.
30. How can a Python program be developed to compute accuracy, precision, recall, and F1 score for assessing a machine learning model's performance?
31. Write a Python program for essential data preprocessing: normalize, handle missing values, and transform data for data mining.
32. How does mining frequent patterns contribute to the effectiveness of association rule mining?
33. What are the common challenges faced while mining frequent patterns in large datasets?
34. Can you explain how associations and correlations differ in the context of data mining?

35. How do associations and correlations in data mining help in predictive analytics?
36. What are the primary methods used in association rule mining, and how do they differ?
37. How does the choice of mining method impact the quality of associations discovered?
38. What constitutes basic association rules in data mining, and how are they utilized?
39. In what scenarios are basic association rules particularly effective in data analysis?
40. How do advanced association rules differ from basic ones in data mining?
41. Can you give examples of situations where advanced association rules are particularly beneficial?
42. How is correlation analysis important in understanding data mining processes?
43. What are the key challenges in performing correlation analysis in large datasets?
44. What techniques are commonly used for correlation analysis in data mining?
45. How do these techniques improve the understanding and interpretation of data?
46. What are the fundamentals of constraint-based association mining?
47. How does constraint-based mining differ from traditional association rule mining?
48. In what applications is constraint-based association mining particularly useful?
49. What techniques are commonly employed in constraint-based association mining?
50. What is graph pattern mining, and how is it relevant in the field of data mining?
51. What challenges are commonly encountered in graph pattern mining?
52. What algorithms and methods are predominantly used in graph pattern mining?

53. How do these methods enhance the effectiveness of graph pattern mining?
54. What are the basics of sequential pattern mining (SPM), and why is it important?
55. How does SPM differ from other types of pattern mining in data analysis?
56. How would you write a program to efficiently mine frequent patterns in a large dataset, considering memory and time constraints?
57. Can you develop a script that identifies basic association rules in a transaction dataset and evaluates their significance?
58. How would you implement a correlation analysis in a dataset using data mining techniques to uncover hidden relationships?
59. What approach would you take to design a constraint-based association mining algorithm, focusing on user-defined constraints?
60. Could you create a program that utilizes graph pattern mining algorithms to analyze complex structures within network data?
61. Explain key classification concepts in data science and differences from other analysis techniques. Provide a concise example.
62. Why is classification crucial in data analysis, impacting decision-making across industries? Share a scenario showcasing its significance.
63. Elaborate on classification methods in data science, highlighting characteristics and use cases. Compare accuracy and efficiency.
64. Outline decision tree induction principles for solving classification problems. Explain tree construction with a simple dataset.
65. Detail decision tree induction algorithm steps and demonstrate subset creation with an example.
66. Discuss decision tree applications in industries with real-world examples. Explore their role in classification challenges.
67. Highlight advantages, limitations, and optimal situations for using decision trees in classification tasks.
68. Explain Bayesian theory and its application in classification, highlighting differences from other methods.
69. Detail Bayesian classifier development and real-world application, emphasizing design and providing an example.

70. Evaluate Bayesian classification in industries, assess effectiveness, and provide a case study.
71. Write a Python program demonstrating classification with a simple dataset and algorithm. Include comments on its utilization.
72. Develop a Python script showcasing classification importance in data analysis, including preprocessing and algorithm application. Explain obtained results briefly.
73. Create a Python program comparing classification algorithms (e.g., Decision Trees, Naive Bayes, SVM) on a dataset. Output accuracy and comment on each type.
74. Design a Python program implementing decision tree induction with scikit-learn. Display the resulting tree and explain the algorithm on the dataset.
75. Develop a Python Bayesian classifier, showcase functionality, handle uncertainty, integrate prior knowledge, output results, and comment.